# Highlights

* 25 OECD long-term care systems are compared and classified.
* Most recent quantitative and institutional indicators on long-term care are adopted
* A new and innovative clustering approach is used.
* An updated and adjustable long-term care typology of nine, respectively six clusters is provided.
* The following six systems are identified: residual public system, private supply system, a public supply system, evolving public supply system, need-based supply system, evolving private need-based system